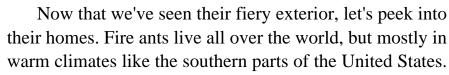
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They build large colonies in soil, with mounds that can be up to 18 inches high. Inside these mounds, they make a network of tunnels and chambers where they live and raise their young.

From their fiery houses, these little warriors venture out in search of food. They are omnivores, meaning they eat both plants and other small creatures. Their diet includes seeds, fruits, insects, and even small animals. In fact, they are known to attack in groups to take down larger prey.



Fire ants are not just interesting, they're also important players in the ecosystem. They help control pests by eating other insects and small animals. However, they can also be a nuisance to humans, as their stings are painful and can cause allergic reactions. So next time you see a mound in the ground, remember the fiery little warriors beneath, and keep a respectful distance.



#### Solve each problem.

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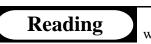
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- **38)** Fire ants may eat fruits and seeds.
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- **45**) Fire ants are predators and only eat other insects.
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## Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **48**) There's a special fly that helps control fire ant populations by laying eggs inside them.
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# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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#### Determine which choice is the conclusion that can be drawn from the statement.



- 65) Fire ants build their nests in mounds of soil outdoors or in decayed logs and around trees and stumps. Based on this statement, what conclusion can be drawn about fire ants?
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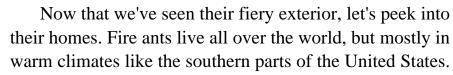
	Fi	re Ants	Name:	
			1,000	
1.	 26.	51.		
2.	 27.	52.		
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5.	 30.	55.		
6.	 31.	56		
7.	 32.	57.		
8.	 33.	58.		
9.	 34.	59		
10.	 35.	60.		
11.	 36.	61.		
12.	 37.	62.		
13.	 38.	63.		
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15.	 40.	65.		
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17.	 42.	67		
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Reading

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Name:



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48.

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**Answer Key** 

Name:

Reading

true

false

23.

24.

25.

A

 $\mathbf{D}$ 



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C. D.

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