Name:

Imagine a creature with a shiny metallic body and huge stunning eyes; that's a horse fly for you! These unique critters, which can be found all over the world, are about an inch long and have a pair of clear, large wings that help them zoom around. Their bodies are colored in different shades of brown and black, and if you look closely, you'll see that they have large, brightly colored eyes that can see in almost all directions. But don't let their good looks fool you, these fellows can be quite a nuisance.



Speaking of being a nuisance, have you ever wondered what

horse flies eat? These creatures are not vegetarians, oh no! They feed on blood, particularly from large mammals like cows, horses, and even humans. They use their sharp mouthparts to bite and create a small wound, from which they then suck up the blood. It's not the most pleasant dinner routine, but it's how they survive.

Now that we have an idea of their diet, let's dive into their life cycle. After a female horse fly has had her fill of blood, she lays her eggs on plants near water bodies. When these eggs hatch, the larvae fall into the water where they start their life, feeding on other small insects and organic matter. After several stages of growth, they emerge from the water as adults ready to start the cycle all over again.



You might be thinking, 'how different can these flies be from others?' Well, there are a few things that set horse flies apart. Unlike other flies, they are active during the day, they are larger, and they have a painful bite. Their bite can be quite annoying to humans and animals, but they play an important role in the ecosystem by helping to control other insect populations. So, while they might not be our favorite creatures, horse flies are a fascinating part of our world with their unique life cycle and survival strategies.



Horse Flies

		1100	i (uiiie.
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What do horse flies wings look like?		
	A. They are transparent.	В.	They are solid gray.
	C. They are gray with white stripes	D.	They are white with gray stripes
2)	How big are horse flies compared to other fli	es?	
	A. They can be smaller, larger, or the same size as other flies depending on the horse fly.	B.	They are the same size as most other flies.
	C. They are smaller than most other flies.	D.	They are larger than most other flies.
3)	What do horse flies eat?		
	A. They eat plants and nectar.	B.	They eat blood.
	C. They eat other insects.	D.	They eat nuts, seeds, and fruits.
4)	What is the role of horse flies in the ecosyste	m?	
,	A. They help spread seeds.		They help to control other insect populations.
	C. They help pollinate flowers.	D.	They help fertilize plants.
5)	What do horse flies larvae eat?		
,	A. Insects and organic matter	B.	Leaves and bark
	C. Worms and crickets	D.	Seeds and nuts
6)	What are the colors of a horse fly's body?		
	A. Shades of brown and black.	B.	Shades of blue and purple.
	C. Shades of red and orange.	D.	Shades of green and yellow.
7)	Where does a female horse fly lay her eggs?		
	A. In animal nests or burrows.	В.	On plants near water bodies.
	C. Deep in the soil.	D.	On leaves high up in trees.
8)	How do the horse fly larvae start their life?		
	A. They dig up from the soil where they were born.	B.	They fall into the water from where they hatch.
	C. They eat their way out of the leaves where the eggs were laid.	D.	They consume the fruit they were laid on.
9)	What is a special about the eyes of a horse fli	ies?	
	A. They have thousands of tiny eyes for looking everywhere.	B.	They can see in almost all directions.
	C. The can look in two different directions at once.	D.	They are blind and use sound to navigate.

Reading

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	Horse Fl	ies	Name:		
10)	When are horse flies active?				
- /		B. They are active during the r	night.		
	C. They are only active during twilight hours.	D. They are active during the c	lay.		
	ermine if the statements is something the an animal would say (N).	imal would say (W) or it it is r	not something		
	•	nimals."			
12)	• •				
13)	2	nals like cows and horses."			
14)					
15)	"I only come out at dusk."				
16)	-				
17)	"I lay my eggs on plants near water bodies lik	te rivers and lakes."			
18)	"I am larger than some other types of flies."				
19)	"Using my large eyes, I can see almost every	where."			
20)	"Once born, we are instantly adult horse flies	ready to fly."			
21)	"My favorite meal is a juicy fruit."				
22)					
23)	"I use my sharp mouthparts to pierce the skin victim."	and then I suck up the blood from	om my		
24)	"As a larva, I live high up in the trees."				
25)	"My bite can be quite bothering to humans ar	nd animals."			
20					

- **26)** "The start of my life is spent in water after I hatch from an egg."
- 27) "As a larva, I feed on other small insects and organic matter."
- 28) "We horse flies are vegetarians and love to munch on leaves and grass."
- 29) "My body is covered in different shades of brown and black."
- **30)** "Unlike some other flies, you'll find me buzzing about during the day."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 31) After feeding, female horse flies lay eggs on plants near water bodies.
- **32)** Horse flies have a beautiful metallic shine on their body.
- **33)** Horse flies bite in order to feed on blood.
- 34) Horse flies, with their large eyes, are scarier than any other insect.
- **35)** Horse flies exist all around the world.
- **36)** Horse flies, with their painful bites, are the worst kind of flies.
- **37)** Horse flies are mostly active during the day.
- **38)** The diet of horse flies mainly consists of blood from large mammals.

	Horse	Flies	Name:
39)	The way horse flies survive by feeding on	blood is a bit gross.	
40)	Horse flies are big and scary compared to	other flies.	
Det	ermine if the statement is true or false.		
41)	Horse fly larvae feed on other small insect	s and organic matter.	
42)	Horse flies are only found in North Ameri	ca.	
43)	Horse flies are carnivorous and they feed of	on blood.	
44)	Horse flies eat plants and leaves.		
45)	The eyes of a horse fly can see in most dir	ections.	
46)	Horse flies are nocturnal creatures, being n	most active during the night.	
47)	Horse flies are smaller than other flies.		
48)	The female horse fly lays her eggs on plan		
49)	Horse flies can see in almost all directions		
50)	Horse flies can be about an inch long.		
Dete	ermine which choice is the expanded form	n of the underlined contraction.	
51)	<u>It's</u> important to wear insect repellent when	•	
	A. It was C. It has	B. It is D. It were	
52)	5 5 7 5		3.
	A. cannot C. will not	B. can ableD. do not	
53)	Horse flies <u>don't</u> like the cold and are most A. does not	B. cannot	
	C. did not	D. do not	
51)	Here flies any 't as a dat wight as they be		
54)	Horse flies <u>aren't</u> good at night, so they're n A. are not	B. are able	
	C. will not	D. cannot	
55)	They're often found near swimming pools	and beaches, bothering people	
55)	A. They is	B. Them are	
	C. They are	D. They were	
		• / / • • · · · · · · ·	
	ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), erative(m).	exclamatory(e), interrogative(i)	or
_			
57)	Avoid horse flies by staying away from we	et areas.	
58)	What happens when a horse fly bites?		
59)	Ouch, horse fly bites really hurt!		
	Horse flies are known for their painful bite		

- **60)** Horse flies are known for their painful bites.
- **61**) How big are horse flies?

	Horse Flies	Name:	
62)	Female horse flies need blood to lay their eggs.		
63)	Where do horse flies lay their eggs?		
64)	Horse fly larvae live in water or moist soil.		
65)	Protect yourself from horse fly bites by wearing long sleeves.		

- **66)** It's amazing how fast horse flies can fly!
- **67)** Apply insect repellent to keep horse flies away.

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Name:

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Reading

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navigate.

	Horse Flies	Name:	Answer Key				
10)	10) When are horse flies active?						
	A. They are active all the time, night and B. They are active during the night.day.						
	C. They are only active during twilight D. They are active during the d hours.	lay.					
	Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).						
11)	"I never cause any problems for humans or animals."						
12)	"I love dry climates."						
13)	"I feed on blood, especially from large mammals like cows and horses."						
14)	"I can't see well because my eyes are so small."						
15)	"I only come out at dusk."						
16)	"I don't like eating blood, I prefer munching on leaves."						
17)	"I lay my eggs on plants near water bodies like rivers and lakes."						
18)	"I am larger than some other types of flies."						
19)	"Using my large eyes, I can see almost everywhere."						
20)	"Once born, we are instantly adult horse flies ready to fly."						
21)	"My favorite meal is a juicy fruit."						
22)	"Our bites are soft and you will barely feel anything."						
23)	"I use my sharp mouthparts to pierce the skin and then I suck up the blood fro victim."	om my					
24)	"As a larva, I live high up in the trees."						

- 25) "My bite can be quite bothering to humans and animals."
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44)	Horse flies eat plants and leaves.					
45)	The eyes of a horse fly can see in most direct	ctions.				
46)	Horse flies are nocturnal creatures, being m	ost active during the night.				
47)	Horse flies are smaller than other flies.					
48)	The female horse fly lays her eggs on plants	s near the desert.				
49)	Horse flies can see in almost all directions.					
50)	Horse flies can be about an inch long.					
Det	ermine which choice is the expanded form	of the underlined contraction.				
51)	It's important to wear insect repellent when	you're around horse flies.				
	A. It was	B. It is				
	C. It has	D. It were				
52)	Horse flies can't fly very far, so they usually	stay close to their breeding sites				
	A. cannot	B. can able				
	C. will not	D. do not				
53)	Horse flies <u>don't</u> like the cold and are most a	ctive during warm months.				
	A. does not	B. cannot				
	C. did not	D. do not				
54)	Horse flies aren't good at night, so they're m	ost active during the day.				
	A. are not	B. are able				
	C. will not	D. cannot				
55)	They're often found near swimming pools an	nd beaches, bothering people.				
	A. They is	B. Them are				
	C. They are	D. They were				
Det	ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), e	xclamatory(e), interrogative(i)	or			
	erative(m).					
56)	Horse flies can be so annoying!					
57)	Avoid horse flies by staying away from wet	areas.				
58)	What happens when a horse fly bites?					
59)	Ouch, horse fly bites really hurt!					
60)	Horse fligs are known for their painful hites					

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- **61**) How big are horse flies?

	Horse Flies	Name:	Answer Key
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63)	Where do horse flies lay their eggs?		
64)	Horse fly larvae live in water or moist soil.		
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			Horse Flies			Name:	Answer Key
1.	Α	26.	true	51.	В	_	
2.	D	27	true	52.	A	_	
3.	B	28.	false	53.	D		
4.	<u> </u>	29.	true	54.	A	_	
5.	A	30.	true	55.	С	_	
6.	A	31.	fact	56.	exclamatory	_	
7.	B	32.	opinion	57.	imperative	_	
8.	В	33.	fact	58.	interrogative	_	
9.	В	34	opinion	59.	exclamatory	_	
10.	D	35.	fact	60.	declarative	_	
11.	false	36.	opinion	61.	interrogative		
12.	false	37	fact	62.	declarative	_	
13.	true	38	fact	63.	interrogative	_	
14.	false	39	opinion	64.	declarative	_	
15.	false	40.	opinion	65.	imperative	_	
16.	false	41.	true	66.	exclamatory	_	
17.	true	42.	false	67.	imperative	_	
18.	true	43.	true				
19.	true	44	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	false				
22.	false	47	false				
23.	true	48.	false				
24.	false	49.	true				
25.	true	50.	true				
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		Horse Flies	Name:
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the questior	l.	
1)	What do horse flies wings look like	e? (paragraph 1)	
	A. They are transparent.	В.	
	C.	D.	
2)	How big are horse flies compared	to other flies? (paragraph 4)	
	A. They can be smaller, larger, or same size as other flies depend the horse fly.		
	С.	D. They are larger	than most other flies.
3)	What do horse flies eat? (paragraph 2)		
,	A. They eat plants and nectar.	B. They eat blood	
	С.	D.	
4)	What is the role of horse flies in the	e e cosystem? (paragraph 4)	
•)	A.	B. They help to co	ontrol other insect
		populations.	
	С.	D.	
5)	What do horse flies larvae eat? (par	agraph 3)	
•)	A. Insects and organic matter	B. Leaves and bar	k
	C.	D.	
6)	What are the colors of a horse fly's	$body^2$ (noncomplete)	
U)	A. Shades of brown and black.	B. Shades of blue	and purple.
	С.	D.	
-		1	
7)	Where does a female horse fly lay A. In animal nests or burrows.	B. On plants near	water bodies
	C.	D.	water boules.
	С.	D.	
8)	How do the horse fly larvae start t		
	A. They dig up from the soil whe		he water from where
	were born. C.	they hatch. D.	
	С.	D.	
9)	What is a special about the eyes of		
	А.	-	almost all directions.
	C.	D.	
10)	When are horse flies active? (paragra	ph 4)	
	А.	B. They are active	during the night.
	С.	D. They are active	during the day.
			r. •, •, •

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).



11) "I never cause any problems for humans or animals." (paragraph 1)

12) "I love dry climates." (paragraph 3)

