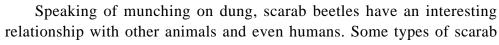
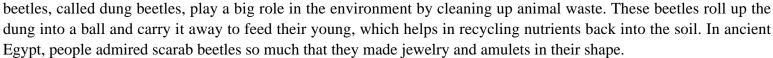


Did you know there are bugs that were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt? Those bugs are called scarab beetles and they have an extraordinary shiny armor that can be in different colors like green, brown, or even gold. They are small, usually less than 6 inches long, and have strong wings hidden under their hard shell. These beetles are famous for their unusual round shape, which makes them look like a tiny ball.

From being shaped like a little ball, let's roll into the life of scarab beetles. These little creatures love warm environments and you can find them in every continent except Antarctica. Just like us, they go through a life cycle - from being an egg, then a larva, a pupa, and finally, an adult beetle. Believe it or not, most of their life is spent as a larva, munching on a variety of things from plants, fruits, to even animal dung!







Now that we've looked at their life and their importance, let's dive into how scarab beetles protect themselves. To avoid predators, these beetles can fly away or hide under the soil. Some scarab beetles have strong jaws which they can use to bite if they feel threatened. So there you have it, the scarab beetles aren't just shiny bugs, they are nature's little cleaners and ancient symbols of transformation.



Name:

Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What is special about scarab beetles in history?
 - A. They were considered sacred in Egypt.
- B. They were originally only found in Antarctica.
- C. They were responsible for many deaths in Europe
- D. They were once used as currency in Rome.
- 2) What is the first stage in a scarab beetles life?
 - A. Pupa B. Adult Beetle
 - C. Larva D. Egg
- 3) What is the size of scarab beetles?
 - A. They are microscopic B. Shorter than 6 inches
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- 4) Which choice is not a place scarab beetles be found?
 - A. Europe B. Antarctica
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- 5) What type of scarab beetle is known for eating animal waste?
 - A. Dung Beetles B. June Bugs
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 - A. Venomous stinger

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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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Dooding			1-10	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
Reading	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	Page 2 of 5	11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0



Scarab Beetles Name:

- 13) "My life begins as an egg, then I turn into a larva, to becoming a pupa, and finally, a mature beetle."
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- 15) "My cousin, the dung beetle, uses dung to feed their young. Yuck!"
- 16) "If danger's near, I can either hide under the soil or fly away using my strong wings!"
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- 18) "You can mostly find me in cold environments."
- 19) "I was born looking the same as my adult self, just smaller!"
- **20**) "I was considered a symbol of destruction in ancient Egypt."
- 21) "My life mostly consists of eating, and as a larva, I munch on plants, fruits, and even animal dung."
- 22) "In ancient Egypt, I was so greatly admired that they made jewelry and amulets in my shape."
- 23) "My shiny shell comes in a whole range of colors like green, brown, or gold!"
- 24) "Some of us, called dung beetles, play a big role in cleaning up animal waste!"
- 25) "While growing up, I enjoy my adult stage the most as it's the longest part of my life."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **28)** Most of the life of scarab beetles is spent as a larva, eating things like plants, fruits, and animal dung.
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- **36)** You would be amazed to see how tiny these Scarab beetles are.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Scarab beetles were once considered sacred in ancient Egypt.
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Name:

- **44**) In ancient Egypt, people despised scarab beetles.
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Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **48)** Scarab beetles <u>can't</u> fly very far, but they're still pretty good at moving around.
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- **49**) <u>It's</u> amazing how scarab beetles can help the environment by breaking down waste.
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- **52)** Did you know there's a type of scarab beetle called the dung beetle?
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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- 54) Understand why ancient Egyptians considered scarab beetles to be sacred.
- 55) What colors can scarab beetles be?
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		Scarab Beetle	s	Name:	
1	26.		51.		
2.	27.		52.		
3.	28.		53.		
4.	29.		54.		
5.	30.		55.		
6.	31.		56.		
7.	32.		57.		
8.	33.		58.		
9.	34.		59.		
10.	35.		60.		
11.	36.		61.		
12.	37.		62.		
13.	38.		63.		
14.	39.		64.		
15.	40.				
16.	41.				
17.	42.				
18.	43.				
19.	44.				
20.	45.				
21.	46.				

22.

23.

24.

47.

48.

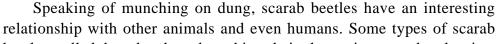
49.

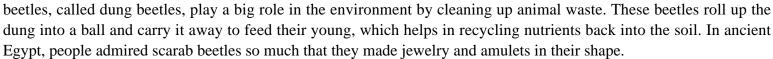
50.



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		1-10	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
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Name:

Answer Key

1.	A	26.	true
2.	D	27.	true
3.	B	28.	fact
4.	В	29.	opinion
5.	A	30.	fact
6.	D	31.	opinion
7.	В	32.	fact
8.	В	33.	opinion
9.	C	34.	fact
10.	false	35.	fact
11.	false	36.	opinion
12.	true	37.	opinion
13.	true	38.	true
14.	false	39.	false
15.	true	40.	true
16.	true	41.	false
17.	false	42.	true
18.	false	43.	false
19.	false	44.	false
20.	false	45.	false
21.	true	46.	true
22.	true	47.	true
23.	true	48.	В
24.	true	49.	A
25.	false	50.	D

		Na
51.	A	
52.	C	
53.	exclamatory	_
54.	imperative	
55.	interrogative	_
56.	exclamatory	_
57.	declarative	

58.	interrogative

declarativeinterrogative

61. **declarative**

62. **imperative**

63. **exclamatory**

64. **imperative**

Name:

Solve each problem.

Use the article	to	answer	the	question.
-----------------	----	--------	-----	-----------

1) What is special about scarab beetles in history? (paragraph 1)

A. They were considered sacred in Egypt.

B. They were originally only found in Antarctica.

C.

D.

2) What is the first stage in a scarab beetles life? (paragraph 2)

A. Pupa

В.

C.

D. Egg

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A.

B. Shorter than 6 inches

C.

D.

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B. Antarctica

C.

D.

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В.

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D.

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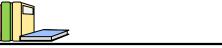
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Name:

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