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We've learned so much about wood storks, but let's not forget about their relationship with us humans and their unique defenses. While they might look a bit intimidating with their large size and bald heads, wood storks are generally peaceful creatures and pose no threat to humans. In fact, they are a protected species in many areas because their habitats are threatened by human activity. So next time when you see a wood stork, give it a friendly wave, and remember all the cool facts you've learned about them!



Wood Stork

Solv	e each problem.						
	the article to answer the question. Are wood storks a protected species?						
_)	A. No, they are not protected	B.	Yes, in many areas				
	C. No, there are too many of them	D.	No, they are considered pests				
2)	During the breeding season, who incubates the eggs of the wood stork?						
2)	A. Both parents take turns	-	Only the mother stork				
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	their own		5				
3)	What do wood storks eat?						
0)	A. Other birds	B.	Insects				
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Δ							
4)	What colors are the feathers on a wood stork' A. Brown and gray		Red and blue				
	C. White and black		Green and yellow				
-			5				
5)	e	D	Vag that are very accreasive				
	<ul><li>A. Yes, they often attack humans</li><li>C. No, they are peaceful creatures</li></ul>		Yes, they are very aggressive Yes, they carry dangerous diseases				
	C. No, they are peaceful creatures	D.	Tes, they carry dangerous diseases				
6)	Where can you find wood storks?						
	A. Northeastern United States		Southeastern United States				
	C. Northwestern United States	D.	Southwestern United States				
7)	With which other birds do wood storks share	thei	r space?				
	A. Doves, pigeons, and sparrows		Herons, egrets, and ibises				
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8)	What is the texture of the skin on a wood stor	rk's I	head and neck?				
	A. Feathery	В.	Smooth				
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	C. Black	D.	Gray				
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10)	A. Wetlands	B.	Forests				
	C. Deserts	D.	Mountains				
11)	What appear are the flight facthers of a model	toul	.9				
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	C. Grey		Black				
		2.					



# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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## Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- **31)** Wood storks often share their living space with herons, egrets, and ibises.
- **32)** Wood storks' black flight feathers make them look extra stylish.
- **33)** Wood storks are usually found in the southeastern United States.
- **34)** Wood storks, with their bald heads, are the oddest-looking birds in the wetlands.
- **35)** Wood storks can stand almost 4 feet high.
- **36)** Wood storks are not scary animals, despite their large size and bald heads.
- Wood storks are a protected species because their habitats are threatened by human activity.
- **38)** A wood stork's head and neck are not covered in feathers, but in a scaly, dark gray skin.
- **39**) It's not fair that wood storks have to share their nests with other birds.
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### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 41) Wood storks share their space with other birds.
- 42) Wood storks are one of the smallest birds in the world.
- **43**) Wood storks live in trees near water.
- 44) Wood storks heads and necks are covered in gray or brown fur.
- **45)** Wood storks are carnivores who love to eat small fish.
- **46**) Wood storks prefer to live alone.
- **47)** Wood storks are aggressive and attack without warning.
- **48)** Only the female wood stork takes care of her chicks.
- **49)** Wood storks are a protected species in many areas.
- **50)** Wood storks are found in the southeastern United States.

## Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **51**) <u>They'll</u> eat fish and other small creatures.
  - A. They areB. They willC. They haveD. They do
- **52**) <u>I'd</u> say their nest are quite large.
  - A. I wouldB. I haveC. I doD. I am
- 53) Wood storks <u>aren't</u> found everywhere in the world.
  - A. is notB. have notC. do notD. are not
- **54)** <u>It's</u> a bird that's well known for its bald, dark head.
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			Wood Stork			Name:	
1.		26		51.		_	
2.		27		52.		-	
3.		28		53.		-	
4.		29		54.		-	
5.		30		55.		-	
6.		31.		56.		-	
7.		32.		57.		-	
8.		33.		58.		-	
9.		34		59.		-	
10.		35.		60.		-	
11.		36		61.		-	
12.		37.					
13.		38					
14.		39					
15.		40					
16.		41					
17.		42.					
18.		43.					
19.		44					
20.		45.					
21.		46					
22.		47					
23.		48					
24.		49					
25.		50					
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Wood Stork

Name: Answer Key

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	C. Neither, they leave them to hatch on their own	D. Only the father stork					
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4)	What colors are the feathers on a wood stork's body?						
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_`							
5)	Are wood storks dangerous to humans?	D. V., (I.,					
	A. Yes, they often attack humans	<ul> <li>B. Yes, they are very aggressive</li> <li>D. Yes, they correct descence discusses</li> </ul>					
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4 4 \							
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	C. Grey	D. Black					
	C. Oldy	D. DIACK					



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2.	A	27	true	52.	Α	_	
3.	С	28.	true	53.	D	_	
4.	С	29.	false	54.	Α	_	
5.	C	30.	false	55.	С	_	
6.	В	31	fact	56.	declarative		
7.	В	32.	opinion	57.	interrogative		
8.	С	33.	fact	58.	declarative		
9.	A	34	opinion	59.	declarative	_	
10.	A	35	fact	60.	interrogative	_	
11.	D	36	opinion	61.	interrogative	_	
12.	false	37	fact				
13.	true	38	fact				
14.	true	39.	opinion				
15.	true	40.	opinion				
16.	true	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	true	44	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	false				
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23.	false	48.	false				
24.	true	49.	true				
25.	true	50	true				
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Wood Stork

Solve each problem. Use the article to answer the question. 1) Are wood storks a protected species? (paragraph 4) A. No, they are not protected B. Yes, in many areas C. D. 2) During the breeding season, who incubates the eggs of the wood stork? (paragraph 3) A. Both parents take turns B. Only the mother stork C. D. 3) What do wood storks eat? (paragraph 2) B. Insects A. C. Fish D. 4) What colors are the feathers on a wood stork's body? (paragraph 1) A. Brown and gray Β. C. White and black D. 5) Are wood storks dangerous to humans? (paragraph 4) A. Yes, they often attack humans B. Yes, they are very aggressive C. No, they are peaceful creatures D. 6) Where can you find wood storks? (paragraph 2) A. Northeastern United States **B.** Southeastern United States C. D. 7) With which other birds do wood storks share their space? (paragraph 3) A. Doves, pigeons, and sparrows B. Herons, egrets, and ibises C. D. 8) What is the texture of the skin on a wood stork's head and neck? (paragraph 1) A. Feathery B. Smooth C. Scaly D 9) What is the color of the feathers on a wood stork's body? (paragraph 1) A. White Β. C. D. **10)** Where do wood storks like to live? (paragraph 2) A. Wetlands Β. C. D. 11) What color are the flight feathers of a wood stork? (paragraph 1) A. B. White

C. D. Black

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12) "I build my nest on the ground." (paragraph 3)

