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Now that you've pictured these magnificent creatures, let's discover where they live and what they eat. Wood storks are found in the southeastern United States, but they really love the wetlands of Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina. They are expert fishermen who love to dine on small fish, and they have a unique fishing technique. They use their sensitive beaks to feel for fish in the murky water, and snap! They've got their dinner.



From their amazing fishing skills, let's move to their interesting life cycle and their relationship with other animals. Wood storks are quite social and like to live in large colonies with other birds. They build their nests in trees near water, often sharing their space with herons, egrets, and ibises. During breeding season, each pair of wood storks takes turns incubating their eggs, and then feeding and taking care of their chicks.



We've learned so much about wood storks, but let's not forget about their relationship with us humans and their unique defenses. While they might look a bit intimidating with their large size and bald heads, wood storks are generally peaceful creatures and pose no threat to humans. In fact, they are a protected species in many areas because their habitats are threatened by human activity. So next time when you see a wood stork, give it a friendly wave, and remember all the cool facts you've learned about them!



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

1) Are wood storks a protected species?

A. Yes, in many areas

C. No, there are too many of them

D. No, they are not protected

B. No, they are considered pests

2) During the breeding season, who incubates the eggs of the wood stork?

A. Both parents take turns

B. Neither, they leave them to hatch on

their own

C. Only the father stork

D. Only the mother stork

3) What do wood storks eat?

A. FishC. Other birds

B. Insects

D. Plants

4) What colors are the feathers on a wood stork's body?

A. Red and blue

B. White and black

C. Brown and gray

D. Green and yellow

5) Are wood storks dangerous to humans?

A. Yes, they carry dangerous diseases

B. No, they are peaceful creatures

C. Yes, they are very aggressive

D. Yes, they often attack humans

6) Where can you find wood storks?

A. Southwestern United States

B. Northwestern United States

C. Northeastern United States

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7) With which other birds do wood storks share their space?

A. Parrots, toucans, and budgerigars

B. Eagles, hawks, and owls

C. Doves, pigeons, and sparrows

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8) What is the texture of the skin on a wood stork's head and neck?

A. Scaly

B. Furry

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D. Smooth

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10) Where do wood storks like to live?

A. Forests

B. Wetlands

C. Deserts

D. Mountains

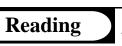
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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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- 31) Wood storks often share their living space with herons, egrets, and ibises.
- **32)** Wood storks' black flight feathers make them look extra stylish.
- 33) Wood storks are usually found in the southeastern United States.
- **34)** Wood storks, with their bald heads, are the oddest-looking birds in the wetlands.
- 35) Wood storks can stand almost 4 feet high.
- **36)** Wood storks are not scary animals, despite their large size and bald heads.
- 37) Wood storks are a protected species because their habitats are threatened by human activity.
- 38) A wood stork's head and neck are not covered in feathers, but in a scaly, dark gray skin.
- **39)** It's not fair that wood storks have to share their nests with other birds.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **41**) Wood storks share their space with other birds.
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Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 51) They'll eat fish and other small creatures.
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- 52) I'd say their nest are quite large.
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- **53)** Wood storks aren't found everywhere in the world.
 - A. is not

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- 54) It's a bird that's well known for its bald, dark head.
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- 55) They've a wingspan of up to 5 feet.
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **56)** Wood storks primarily eat small fish and amphibians.
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		Wood Stork		1	Name:	
1	 26.		51.			
2	 27.		52.			
3	 28.		53.			
4	 29.		54.			
5	 30.		55.			
6	 31.		56.			
7	32.		57.			
8.	 33.		58.			
9	 34.		59.			
10.	35.		60.			
11	 36.		61.			
12	 37.					
13	 38.					
14	 39.					
15	 40.					
16	 41.					
17	42.					
18	 43.					
19	 44.					
20.	 45.					
21	 46.					

23.

22.

48.

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24. 49.

47.

50.



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Wood Stork **Answer Kev** Name:

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Answer Key

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Wood Stork

Name: Answer Key

			WOOd Stork
1.	A	26.	false
2.	<u>A</u>	27.	true
3.	<u>A</u>	28.	true
4.	В	29.	false
5.	В	30.	false
6.	D	31.	fact
7.	D	32.	opinion
8.	<u>A</u>	33.	fact
9.	В	34.	opinion
10.	В	35.	fact
11.	C	36.	opinion
12.	false	37.	fact
13.	true	38.	fact
14.	true	39.	opinion
15.	true	40.	opinion
16.	true	41.	true
17.	false	42.	false
18.	false	43.	true
19.	true	44.	false
20.	false	45.	true
21.	false	46.	false
22.	true	47.	false
23.	false	48.	false
24.	true	49.	true
25.	true	50.	true

		N
51.	В	
52.	A	
53.	D	
54.	A	
55.	C	
56.	declarative	
57.	interrogative	
58.	declarative	
59.	declarative	
60.	interrogative	
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Solve each problem.

Use	the	article	to	answer	the	question.
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Are wood storks a protected species? (paragraph 4)
A. Yes, in many areas
B.
C.

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C.

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Wood Stork

Name:

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