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Now, you might be wondering where these sneaky critters live. Australian walking sticks, as their name suggests, are found in Australia, in the wild outback, and lush rainforests. They love hanging out on leaves and branches, which is not surprising considering their diet. They are herbivores, feasting on a variety of leaves, especially eucalyptus.

From being a tiny egg to a full-grown adult, the life cycle of Australian walking sticks is quite remarkable. A female lays her eggs in the branches of trees, and when they hatch, out pops a mini walking stick, called a nymph. These nymphs grow by shedding their skin, a process called molting. After several molts, the nymphs mature into adults with fully developed wings.

While we've seen how they live and grow, their relationship with other creatures is equally fascinating. Humans might find them intriguing because of their unique look and harmless nature. In the animal world though, they have a neat trick to avoid becoming dinner for birds and lizards - they play dead! This, along with their stick-like appearance, makes them different from most other insects.



So next time you're exploring the outdoors, keep an eye out for these masters of disguise. Remember, they might be closer than you think, munching on leaves or pretending to be a twig. From their diet and habitat to their unique defenses and life cycle, Australian walking sticks are truly one-of-a-kind creatures. Who knew that nature's most incredible magic shows could be performed by a creature as simple as a stick insect?



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

1) What color can an Australian walking stick be?

A. red or purpleB. black or whiteC. brown or greenD. blue or yellow

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5) What does the Australian walking stick look like?

A. Small and round, often pink or yellow.
 B. Short and stubby, often red or blue.

C. Long and slender, often brown or green.

D. Large and bulbous, often black or white

6) Where are Australian walking sticks found?

A. Australia B. Africa C. Antarctica D. Alaska

7) Which word best describes Australian walking sticks?

A. carnivores

B. herbivores

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D. omnivores

8) What is a baby Australian walking stick called?

A. a larva B. a pup
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9) What animals eat Australian walking sticks?

A. Dogs and cats.B. Cows and goats.C. Birds and lizards.D. Bears and coyotes.

10) Do Australian walking stick have wings?

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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).





- 11) "To keep safe from birds and lizards, I pretend to be dead. And guess what? It works!"
- 12) "My favorite place to live is in the wild outback and the rainforests."
- 13) "Despite my name, I do not live in Australia."
- 14) "I don't get my wings until I'm an adult. Before that I'm just a wingless smaller version of myself."
- 15) "Mmm... I savour the taste of eucalyptus leaves. They're my favourite!"
- **16**) "I'm born as a nymph, a tiny walking stick."
- 17) "Lizards and birds avoid me."
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- **20**) "I love to play in snow."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) The life cycle of Australian walking sticks starts from an egg.
- 28) The Australian outback where Australian walking sticks live is way too hot.
- 29) Australian walking sticks diet mainly consists of leaves, particularly eucalyptus.
- **30)** Australian walking sticks are the most unique looking insects.
- **31)** Australian walking sticks are native to Australia.
- 32) It takes a long time for a walking stick to become an adult.
- 33) To avoid predators, Australian walking sticks might play dead.
- **34)** Australian walking sticks usually live on leaves and branches.
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Australian Walking Stick

Name:

- **44)** Australian walking sticks will eat lizards and small birds.
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Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- **47**) They <u>don't</u> bite or sting, so they're safe to have around.
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- 50) It's tough to spot them because of their amazing camouflage.
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D. It has

- 51) They're herbivores and love to eat eucalyptus leaves.
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **52)** Australian walking sticks are not harmful to humans.
- 53) The way Australian walking sticks regenerate their lost limbs during molting is absolutely incredible!
- 54) Australian walking sticks have long, thin bodies that resemble sticks or twigs.
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	Australian Walking Stick		Name:		
1.	26.	51.			
2.	27.	52.			
3.	28.	53			
4.		54			
5.	30.	55			
6.	31.	56.			
7.	32.	57.			
8.	33.	58			
9.	34	59.			
10.	35.	60.			
11.	36.				
12.	37.				
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17.	42.				
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19.	_ 44				
20.	45.				
21.	46.				
22.	47.				
23.	48.				
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Solve each problem.

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30.	opinion
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32.	opinion
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36.	opinion
37	true
38	false
39.	true
40.	false
41.	true
42.	false
43.	false
44	false
45.	true
46.	true
47	В
48	A
49	D
	27.

Stick	
51.	С
52.	declarative
53.	exclamatory
54.	declarative
55.	interrogative
56.	interrogative
57.	exclamatory
58.	declarative
59.	interrogative
60.	exclamatory

Reading

false

50.

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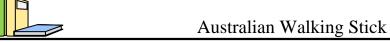
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