		Preparing for Long Division Name:	
Dete	rmine the best	t answer for the following questions.	Answers
Ex)	7 times <u>9</u>	is as close to 65 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 9 = 63$	Ex. 9
1)	9 times	is as close to 32 as you can get, without going over.	1.
2)	6 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	2.
3)	9 times	is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over.	3
4)	6 times	is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over.	4
5)	9 times	is as close to 71 as you can get, without going over.	5
6)	6 times	is as close to 61 as you can get, without going over.	6
7)	7 times	is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.	7
8)	4 times	is as close to 41 as you can get, without going over.	8
9)	5 times	is as close to 33 as you can get, without going over.	9
10)	2 times	is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over.	10
11)	6 times	is as close to 40 as you can get, without going over.	11
12)	10 times	is as close to 93 as you can get, without going over.	12
13)	8 times	is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over.	13
14)	5 times	is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.	14
15)	10 times	is as close to 108 as you can get, without going over.	15
16)	10 times	is as close to 105 as you can get, without going over.	16
17)	2 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	17
18)	10 times	is as close to 77 as you can get, without going over.	18
19)	10 times	is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.	19
20)	10 times	is as close to 78 as you can get, without going over.	20
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com 1 1-10 95 90 85 80 7 11-20 45 40 35 30 2	5 70 65 60 55 50 5 20 15 10 5 0

	Preparing for Long Division Name: Answer	Key
Dete	rmine the best answer for the following questions.	Answers
Ex)	7 times <u>9</u> is as close to 65 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 9 = 63$	Ex. 9
1)	9 times <u>3</u> is as close to 32 as you can get, without going over. $9 \times 3 = 27$	1. 3
2)	6 times <u>2</u> is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 2 = 12$	2. 2
3)	9 times <u>4</u> is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over. $9 \times 4 = 36$	34
4)	6 times <u>5</u> is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 5 = 30$	4. 5
5)	9 times <u>7</u> is as close to 71 as you can get, without going over. $9 \times 7 = 63$	5. 7
6)	6 times <u>10</u> is as close to 61 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 10 = 60$	6. 10
7)	7 times <u>6</u> is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 6 = 42$	76
8)	4 times <u>10</u> is as close to 41 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 10 = 40$	8. <u>10</u>
9)	5 times <u>6</u> is as close to 33 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 6 = 30$	96
10)	2 times <u>3</u> is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over. $2 \times 3 = 6$	103
11)	6 times <u>6</u> is as close to 40 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 6 = 36$	11. <u>6</u>
12)	10 times <u>9</u> is as close to 93 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 9=90$	12. 9
13)	8 times <u>2</u> is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over. $8 \times 2 = 16$	13. 2
14)	5 times <u>3</u> is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 3 = 15$	14. 3
15)	10 times <u>10</u> is as close to 108 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 10 = 100$	15. 10
16)	10 times <u>10</u> is as close to 105 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 10 = 100$	16. 10
17)	2 times <u>8</u> is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over. $2 \times 8 = 16$	17. <u>8</u>
18)	10 times <u>7</u> is as close to 77 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 7 = 70$	18. 7
19)	10 times <u>7</u> is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 7 = 70$	19. 7
20)	10 times <u>7</u> is as close to 78 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 7=70$	20. 7
		65605550151050

			N	
Dete	rmine the be	Preparing for Long Division st answer for the following questions.	Name:	Answers
Ex)	5 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 42 as you can get, without going over.	5×8=40	Ex. 8
1)	10 times	is as close to 51 as you can get, without going over.		1.
2)	4 times	is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.		2.
3)	2 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.		3.
4)	3 times	is as close to 28 as you can get, without going over.		4.
5)	7 times	is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.		5.
6)	4 times	is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over.		6.
7)	2 times	is as close to 5 as you can get, without going over.		7
8)	8 times	is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.		8
9)	7 times	is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over.		9
10)	4 times	is as close to 11 as you can get, without going over.		10
11)	8 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.		11
12)	3 times	is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.		12
13)	3 times	is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.		13
14)	9 times	is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.		14
15)	6 times	is as close to 15 as you can get, without going over.		15
16)	4 times	is as close to 29 as you can get, without going over.		16
17)	8 times	is as close to 70 as you can get, without going over.		17
18)	7 times	is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over.		18
19)	10 times	is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.		19
20)	4 times	is as close to 30 as you can get, without going over.		20
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	1-1095908580757011-20454035302520	

		Preparing for Long Division	Name: Answei	· Key
Dete	rmine the best a	answer for the following questions.		Answers
Ex)	5 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 42 as you can get, without going over.	5×8=40	Ex. 8
1)	10 times <u>5</u>	is as close to 51 as you can get, without going over.	10×5=50	1. 5
2)	4 times <u>5</u>	_ is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.	4×5=20	2. 5
3)	2 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	2×8=16	3. 8
4)	3 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 28 as you can get, without going over.	3×9=27	4. 9
5)	7 times 2	is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.	7×2=14	5. 2
6)	4 times <u>4</u>	_ is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over.	4×4=16	6. 4
7)	2 times2	_ is as close to 5 as you can get, without going over.	2×2=4	7. 2
8)	8 times _ 2	_ is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.	8×2=16	8. 2
9)	7 times <u>3</u>	_ is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over.	7×3=21	9. 3
10)	4 times _ 2	_ is as close to 11 as you can get, without going over.	4×2=8	10. 2
11)	8 times _ 2	_ is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	8×2=16	11. 2
12)	3 times7	_ is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.	3×7=21	12. 7
13)	3 times7	is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.	3×7=21	13. 7
14)	9 times <u>4</u>	_ is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.	9×4=36	14
15)	6 times 2	_ is as close to 15 as you can get, without going over.	6×2=12	15. 2
16)	4 times <u>7</u>	is as close to 29 as you can get, without going over.	4×7=28	16. 7
17)	8 times <u>8</u>	_ is as close to 70 as you can get, without going over.	8×8=64	17. <u>8</u>
18)	7 times <u>7</u>	_ is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over.	7×7=49	18. 7
19)	10 times <u>7</u>	is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.	10×7=70	19. 7
20)	4 times <u>7</u>	_ is as close to 30 as you can get, without going over.	4×7=28	207
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com 2		65605550151050

		Dranging for Long D	inician	Nama	
Dete	rmine the best	Preparing for Long D t answer for the following question		Name:	Answers
Ex)	2 times5	is as close to 11 as you can get, w	ithout going over.	2×5=10	Ex. 5
1)	6 times	is as close to 61 as you can get, w	vithout going over.		1.
2)	3 times	is as close to 23 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		2.
3)	10 times	is as close to 35 as you can get,	without going over.		3
4)	3 times	is as close to 25 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		4
5)	7 times	is as close to 26 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		5
6)	9 times	is as close to 50 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		6
7)	9 times	is as close to 57 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		7
8)	4 times	is as close to 42 as you can get, w	vithout going over.		8
9)	6 times	is as close to 58 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		9
10)	6 times	is as close to 33 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		10
11)	2 times	is as close to 7 as you can get, wit	thout going over.		11
12)	9 times	is as close to 56 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		12
13)	5 times	is as close to 48 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		13
14)	10 times	is as close to 83 as you can get,	without going over.		14
		is as close to 17 as you can get, w			15
		is as close to 15 as you can get, w			16
		is as close to 58 as you can get, w			17
		is as close to 25 as you can get, w			18
		is as close to 77 as you can get,			19
20)	7 times	is as close to 48 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		20
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	3	1-10 95 90 85 80 75 70 11-20 45 40 35 30 25 20	65 60 55 50 15 10 5 0

		Preparing for Long Division	Name:	Answer Key
Dete	rmine the best	answer for the following questions.		Answers
Ex)	2 times5	_ is as close to 11 as you can get, without going over.	2×5=10	Ex. 5
1)	6 times <u>10</u>	is as close to 61 as you can get, without going over.	6×10=60	1. 10
2)	3 times7	_ is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.	3×7=21	2. 7
3)	10 times <u>3</u>	is as close to 35 as you can get, without going over.	10×3=30	3. 3
4)	3 times <u>8</u>	_ is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over.	3×8=24	48
5)	7 times <u>3</u>	_ is as close to 26 as you can get, without going over.	7×3=21	5. 3
6)	9 times <u>5</u>	_ is as close to 50 as you can get, without going over.	9×5=45	6. 5
7)	9 times <u>6</u>	_ is as close to 57 as you can get, without going over.	9×6=54	76
8)	4 times <u>10</u>	is as close to 42 as you can get, without going over.	4×10=40	8. <u>10</u>
9)	6 times 9	_ is as close to 58 as you can get, without going over.	6×9=54	9. 9
10)	6 times 5	_ is as close to 33 as you can get, without going over.	6×5=30	105
11)	2 times <u>3</u>	_ is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over.	2×3=6	11. 3
12)	9 times <u>6</u>	_ is as close to 56 as you can get, without going over.	9×6=54	12. 6
13)	5 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.	5×9=45	13. 9
14)	10 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 83 as you can get, without going over.	10×8=80	14. 8
15)	2 times <u>8</u>	_ is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	2×8=16	15. 8
16)	2 times7	_ is as close to 15 as you can get, without going over.	2×7=14	16. 7
17)	9 times <u>6</u>	_ is as close to 58 as you can get, without going over.	9×6=54	17. <u>6</u>
18)	8 times <u>3</u>	_ is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over.	8×3=24	18. 3
19)	10 times <u>7</u>	is as close to 77 as you can get, without going over.	10×7=70	19. 7
20)	7 times <u>6</u>	_ is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.	7×6=42	206
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com 3	1-1095908511-20454035	

		Preparing for Long Division	Name:	
Dete	rmine the bes	t answer for the following questions.		Answers
Ex)	8 times <u>5</u>	is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.	8×5=40	Ex. 5
1)	9 times	is as close to 31 as you can get, without going over.		1
2)	4 times	is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.		2.
3)	5 times	is as close to 43 as you can get, without going over.		3.
4)	10 times	is as close to 29 as you can get, without going over.		4.
5)	5 times	is as close to 33 as you can get, without going over.		5.
6)	9 times	is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.		6.
7)	8 times	is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.		7.
8)	5 times	is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.		8.
9)	2 times	is as close to 9 as you can get, without going over.		9.
10)	9 times	is as close to 50 as you can get, without going over.		
11)	3 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.		10
12)	8 times	is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over.		11 12.
13)	7 times	is as close to 57 as you can get, without going over.		12
14)	4 times	is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.		13
15)	5 times	is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.		14
16)	6 times	is as close to 62 as you can get, without going over.		15
17)	5 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.		16
18)	7 times	is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.		17
19)	6 times	is as close to 57 as you can get, without going over.		18
20)	8 times	is as close to 71 as you can get, without going over.		19 20.
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	1-10 95 90 85 80 75 70 11-20 45 40 35 30 25 20	

	Preparing for	or Long Division	Name:	Answer Key
Dete	ermine the best answer for the following	ng questions.		Answers
Ex)	8 times <u>5</u> is as close to 44 as yo	u can get, without going over.	8×5=40	Ex. 5
1)	9 times <u>3</u> is as close to 31 as yo	u can get, without going over.	9×3=27	1. 3
2)	4 times <u>5</u> is as close to 22 as yo	u can get, without going over.	4×5=20	2. 5
3)	5 times <u>8</u> is as close to 43 as yo	u can get, without going over.	5×8=40	3. 8
4)	10 times <u>2</u> is as close to 29 as y	ou can get, without going over.	10×2=20	4. 2
5)	5 times 6 is as close to 33 as yo	u can get, without going over.	5×6=30	56
6)	9 times <u>5</u> is as close to 47 as yo	u can get, without going over.	9×5=45	6. 5
7)	8 times 2 is as close to 21 as yo	u can get, without going over.	8×2=16	7
8)	5 times <u>9</u> is as close to 48 as yo	u can get, without going over.	5×9=45	8. 9
9)	2 times <u>4</u> is as close to 9 as you	can get, without going over.	2×4=8	9
10)	9 times <u>5</u> is as close to 50 as yo	u can get, without going over.	9×5=45	105
11)	3 times <u>4</u> is as close to 13 as yo	u can get, without going over.	3×4=12	114
12)	8 times <u>4</u> is as close to 39 as yo	u can get, without going over.	8×4=32	124
13)	7 times <u>8</u> is as close to 57 as yo	u can get, without going over.	7×8=56	13. 8
14)	4 times <u>5</u> is as close to 23 as yo	u can get, without going over.	4×5=20	145
15)	5 times <u>8</u> is as close to 44 as yo	u can get, without going over.	5×8=40	158
16)	6 times 10 is as close to 62 as years	ou can get, without going over.	6×10=60	16. 10
17)	5 times 2 is as close to 13 as yo	u can get, without going over.	5×2=10	17
18)	7 times 6 is as close to 47 as yo	u can get, without going over.	7×6=42	186
19)	6 times <u>9</u> is as close to 57 as yo	u can get, without going over.	6×9=54	19. 9
20)	8 times <u>8</u> is as close to 71 as yo	u can get, without going over.	8×8=64	208
	Math www.CommonCoreShe	eets.com 4	1-10 95 90 1 11-20 45 40 1	85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0

		Preparing for Long Division	Name:	
Dete	rmine the l	best answer for the following questions.	Tvanie.	Answers
Ex)	10 times	10 is as close to 104 as you can get, without going over.	10×10=100	Ex. 10
1)	10 times _	is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over.		1.
2)	4 times	is as close to 30 as you can get, without going over.		2.
3)	10 times	is as close to 64 as you can get, without going over.		3
4)	8 times	is as close to 20 as you can get, without going over.		4
5)	3 times	is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over.		5
6)	6 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.		6
7)	5 times	is as close to 12 as you can get, without going over.		7
8)	5 times	is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over.		8
9)	5 times	is as close to 26 as you can get, without going over.		9
10)	9 times	is as close to 85 as you can get, without going over.		10
11)	7 times	is as close to 36 as you can get, without going over.		11
12)	5 times	is as close to 52 as you can get, without going over.		12
13)	10 times	is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over.		13
14)	7 times	is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over.		14
15)	5 times	is as close to 31 as you can get, without going over.		15
16)	7 times	is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.		16
17)	9 times	is as close to 50 as you can get, without going over.		17
18)	6 times	is as close to 26 as you can get, without going over.		18
19)	4 times	is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over.		19
20)	5 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.		20
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com 5	1-10 95 90 85 80 75 70 11-20 45 40 35 30 25 20	

	Preparing for Long Division Name: Answer	Key
Dete	rmine the best answer for the following questions.	Answers
Ex)	10 times <u>10</u> is as close to 104 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 10=100$	Ex. 10
1)	10 times <u>7</u> is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 7 = 70$	1. 7
2)	4 times <u>7</u> is as close to 30 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 7 = 28$	2. 7
3)	10 times <u>6</u> is as close to 64 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 6 = 60$	36
4)	8 times <u>2</u> is as close to 20 as you can get, without going over. $8 \times 2 = 16$	4. 2
5)	3 times <u>6</u> is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over. $3 \times 6 = 18$	5. 6
6)	6 times is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 2 = 12$	6. 2
7)	5 times is as close to 12 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 2 = 10$	7. 2
8)	5 times <u>7</u> is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 7 = 35$	8. 7
9)	5 times <u>5</u> is as close to 26 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 5 = 25$	9
10)	9 times <u>9</u> is as close to 85 as you can get, without going over. $9 \times 9 = 81$	10. 9
11)	7 times <u>5</u> is as close to 36 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 5 = 35$	11. 5
12)	5 times <u>10</u> is as close to 52 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 10=50$	12. 10
13)	10 times <u>3</u> is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 3=30$	13. 3
14)	7 times <u>7</u> is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 7 = 49$	14. 7
15)	5 times <u>6</u> is as close to 31 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 6 = 30$	15. 6
16)	7 times <u>3</u> is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 3 = 21$	16. 3
17)	9 times <u>5</u> is as close to 50 as you can get, without going over. $9 \times 5 = 45$	175
18)	6 times <u>4</u> is as close to 26 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 4 = 24$	18. 4
19)	4 times <u>9</u> is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 9 = 36$	19. 9
20)	5 times 2 is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 2=10$	20. 2
		65605550151050

		Preparing for Long Di	vision	Nomo	
Dete	ermine the best	answer for the following questions		Name:	Answers
Ex)	9 times <u>6</u>	is as close to 56 as you can get, w	ithout going over.	9×6=54	Ex. 6
1)	7 times	is as close to 46 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		1.
2)	7 times	is as close to 75 as you can get, w	vithout going over.		2.
3)	8 times	is as close to 19 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		3
4)	4 times	is as close to 11 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		4
5)	4 times	is as close to 34 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		5
6)	3 times	is as close to 8 as you can get, wit	hout going over.		6
7)	10 times	is as close to 76 as you can get, w	vithout going over.		7
8)	4 times	is as close to 42 as you can get, w	vithout going over.		8
9)	3 times	is as close to 19 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		9
10)	10 times	is as close to 78 as you can get, w	without going over.		10
11)	4 times	is as close to 25 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		11
12)	4 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		12
13)	5 times	is as close to 34 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		13
14)	2 times	is as close to 9 as you can get, wit	hout going over.		14
15)	2 times	is as close to 11 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		15
16)	4 times	is as close to 9 as you can get, wit	hout going over.		16
17)	2 times	is as close to 21 as you can get, w	vithout going over.		17
18)	6 times	is as close to 34 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		18
19)	6 times	is as close to 25 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		19
20)	7 times	is as close to 15 as you can get, w	ithout going over.		20
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	6	1-1095908580757011-20454035302520	

	Preparing for Long Division Name: An	swer Key
Dete	ermine the best answer for the following questions.	Answers
Ex)	9 times <u>6</u> is as close to 56 as you can get, without going over. $9 \times 6 = 54$	Ex. 6
1)	7 times <u>6</u> is as close to 46 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 6 = 42$	1. 6
2)	7 times <u>10</u> is as close to 75 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 10 = 70$	2. 10
3)	8 times 2 is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over. $8 \times 2 = 16$	3. 2
4)	4 times 2 is as close to 11 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 2=8$	4. 2
5)	4 times <u>8</u> is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 8 = 32$	5. 8
6)	3 times <u>2</u> is as close to 8 as you can get, without going over. $3 \times 2 = 6$	6. 2
7)	10 times <u>7</u> is as close to 76 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 7 = 70$	7. 7
8)	4 times <u>10</u> is as close to 42 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 10 = 40$	8. <u>10</u>
9)	3 times <u>6</u> is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over. $3 \times 6 = 18$	9. <u>6</u>
10)	10 times <u>7</u> is as close to 78 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 7 = 70$	10. 7
11)	4 times <u>6</u> is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 6 = 24$	11. <u>6</u>
12)	4 times <u>4</u> is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 4 = 16$	124
13)	5 times <u>6</u> is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 6 = 30$	13. 6
14)	2 times <u>4</u> is as close to 9 as you can get, without going over. $2 \times 4 = 8$	144
15)	2 times <u>5</u> is as close to 11 as you can get, without going over. $2 \times 5 = 10$	155
16)	4 times <u>2</u> is as close to 9 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 2 = 8$	16. 2
17)	2 times <u>10</u> is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over. $2 \times 10 = 20$	17. 10
18)	6 times <u>5</u> is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 5 = 30$	185
19)	6 times <u>4</u> is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 4 = 24$	19. 4
20)	7 times <u>2</u> is as close to 15 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 2 = 14$	20
	Math 1-10 95 90 85 80 11-20 45 40 35 30	

		Preparing for Long Division	Name:	
Dete	rmine the best	t answer for the following questions.		Answers
Ex)	7 times <u>7</u>	is as close to 55 as you can get, without going over.	7×7=49	Ex. 7
1)	8 times	is as close to 55 as you can get, without going over.		1
2)	6 times	is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over.		2.
3)	5 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.		3.
4)	10 times	is as close to 86 as you can get, without going over.		4.
5)	8 times	is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over.		5.
6)	9 times	is as close to 98 as you can get, without going over.		6.
7)	3 times	is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over.		7.
8)	8 times	is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over.		8.
9)	3 times	is as close to 28 as you can get, without going over.		9.
10)	9 times	is as close to 88 as you can get, without going over.		10.
11)	6 times	is as close to 27 as you can get, without going over.		10
12)	7 times	is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over.		12.
13)	3 times	is as close to 11 as you can get, without going over.		13.
14)	8 times	is as close to 20 as you can get, without going over.		14
15)	8 times	is as close to 54 as you can get, without going over.		15.
16)	8 times	is as close to 51 as you can get, without going over.		16.
17)	5 times	is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.		10
18)	5 times	is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.		17
19)	10 times	is as close to 67 as you can get, without going over.		18
20)	6 times	is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.		20.
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com 7	1-1095908580757011-20454035302520	

		Preparing for Long Division	Name: Answer	·Key		
Determine the best answer for the following questions. Answer						
Ex)	7 times <u>7</u>	is as close to 55 as you can get, without going over.	7×7=49	Ex. 7		
1)	8 times <u>6</u>	is as close to 55 as you can get, without going over.	8×6=48	1. 6		
2)	6 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over.	6×8=48	2. 8		
3)	5 times _ 2	_ is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	5×2=10	3. 2		
4)	10 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 86 as you can get, without going over.	10×8=80	4. 8		
5)	8 times 2	_ is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over.	8×2=16	5. 2		
6)	9 times <u>10</u>	is as close to 98 as you can get, without going over.	9×10=90	6. 10		
7)	3 times <u>8</u>	_ is as close to 25 as you can get, without going over.	3×8=24	7. 8		
8)	8 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over.	8×9=72	8. 9		
9)	3 times9	_ is as close to 28 as you can get, without going over.	3×9=27	9. 9		
10)	9 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 88 as you can get, without going over.	9×9=81	10. 9		
11)	6 times4	_ is as close to 27 as you can get, without going over.	6×4=24	11. 4		
12)	7 times <u>10</u>	is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over.	7×10=70	12. 10		
13)	3 times <u>3</u>	_ is as close to 11 as you can get, without going over.	3×3=9	13. 3		
14)	8 times _ 2	_ is as close to 20 as you can get, without going over.	8×2=16	14. 2		
15)	8 times <u>6</u>	_ is as close to 54 as you can get, without going over.	8×6=48	15. <u>6</u>		
16)	8 times <u>6</u>	_ is as close to 51 as you can get, without going over.	8×6=48	16. 6		
17)	5 times <u>3</u>	_ is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.	5×3=15	17. 3		
18)	5 times9	_ is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.	5×9=45	18. 9		
19)	10 times <u>6</u>	is as close to 67 as you can get, without going over.	10×6=60	19. 6		
20)	6 times 3	_ is as close to 23 as you can get, without going over.	6×3=18	20. 3		
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com 7		65605550151050		

			Preparing for Lo	ng Division	Name:	
Dete	rmine the	e best answ	er for the following que	estions.		Answers
Ex)	6 times	<u>7</u> is a	s close to 47 as you can g	get, without going over.	6×7=42	Ex. 7
1)	7 times	is a	as close to 75 as you can	get, without going over.		1
2)	3 times	is a	s close to 13 as you can g	get, without going over.		2.
3)	3 times	is a	s close to 22 as you can g	get, without going over.		3.
4)	3 times	is a	s close to 26 as you can g	get, without going over.		4.
5)	7 times	is a	s close to 31 as you can g	get, without going over.		5.
6)	4 times	is a	s close to 38 as you can g	get, without going over.		6.
7)	4 times	is a	as close to 42 as you can	get, without going over.		7.
8)	2 times	is a	s close to 17 as you can g	get, without going over.		8.
9)	8 times	is a	s close to 79 as you can g	get, without going over.		
10)	4 times	is a	s close to 17 as you can g	get, without going over.		9
11)	7 times	is a	s close to 65 as you can g	get, without going over.		10
12)	2 times	is a	s close to 5 as you can ge	et, without going over.		11
13)	3 times	isa	as close to 32 as you can	get, without going over.		12
14)	5 times	is a	s close to 48 as you can g	get, without going over.		13
15)	5 times	is a	s close to 16 as you can g	get, without going over.		14
16)	7 times	is a	s close to 39 as you can g	get, without going over.		15
17)	5 times	is a	s close to 22 as you can g	get, without going over.		16
18)	7 times	is a	s close to 51 as you can g	get, without going over.		17
19)	9 times	is a	s close to 75 as you can g	get, without going over.		18
20)	8 times	is a	s close to 21 as you can g	get, without going over.		19 20.
	Math	ww	vw.CommonCoreSheets.co	m 8	1-10 95 90 85 80 75 70 11-20 45 40 35 30 25 20	0 65 60 55 50

		Preparing for Long Division	Name: Answei	·Key
Dete	rmine the best a	answer for the following questions.		Answers
Ex)	6 times7	_ is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.	6×7=42	Ex. 7
1)	7 times <u>10</u>	is as close to 75 as you can get, without going over.	7×10=70	1. 10
2)	3 times4	_ is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	3×4=12	2. 4
3)	3 times <u>7</u>	_ is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.	3×7=21	3. 7
4)	3 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 26 as you can get, without going over.	3×8=24	4. 8
5)	7 times <u>4</u>	_ is as close to 31 as you can get, without going over.	7×4=28	5. 4
6)	4 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over.	4×9=36	6. 9
7)	4 times <u>10</u>	is as close to 42 as you can get, without going over.	4×10=40	7. 10
8)	2 times <u>8</u>	_ is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	2×8=16	8. 8
9)	8 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.	8×9=72	9. 9
10)	4 times <u>4</u>	_ is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	4×4=16	10
11)	7 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 65 as you can get, without going over.	7×9=63	11. 9
12)	2 times	_ is as close to 5 as you can get, without going over.	2×2=4	12. 2
13)	3 times <u>10</u>	is as close to 32 as you can get, without going over.	3×10=30	13. 10
14)	5 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.	5×9=45	14. 9
15)	5 times 3	_ is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.	5×3=15	15. 3
16)	7 times <u>5</u>	is as close to 39 as you can get, without going over.	7×5=35	16. 5
17)	5 times 4	_ is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.	5×4=20	17. 4
18)	7 times <u>7</u>	_ is as close to 51 as you can get, without going over.	7×7=49	18. 7
19)	9 times <u>8</u>	_ is as close to 75 as you can get, without going over.	9×8=72	19. 8
20)	8 times _ 2	_ is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.	8×2=16	20. 2
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com		65605550151050

		Preparing for Long Division	Nama	
Dete	rmine the best	answer for the following questions.	Name:	Answers
Ex)	9 times <u>5</u>	is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over.	9×5=45	Ex. 5
1)	8 times	is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over.		1.
2)	6 times	is as close to 59 as you can get, without going over.		2.
3)	3 times	is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over.		3
4)	2 times	is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over.		4
5)	3 times	is as close to 14 as you can get, without going over.		5
6)	8 times	is as close to 82 as you can get, without going over		6
7)	10 times	is as close to 94 as you can get, without going over	r.	7
8)	2 times	is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over		8
9)	6 times	is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over.		9
10)	3 times	is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over.		10
11)	10 times	is as close to 52 as you can get, without going over	r.	11
12)	8 times	is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over.		12
13)	5 times	is as close to 54 as you can get, without going over		13
14)	4 times	is as close to 37 as you can get, without going over.		14
15)	6 times	is as close to 29 as you can get, without going over.		15
16)	7 times	is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over.		16
17)	10 times	is as close to 69 as you can get, without going over	r.	17
18)	6 times	is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over.		18
19)	3 times	is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.		19
20)	7 times	is as close to 24 as you can get, without going over.		20
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	1-1095908580757011-20454035302520	

	Preparing for Long Division Name: An	swer Key
Dete	ermine the best answer for the following questions.	Answers
Ex)	9 times <u>5</u> is as close to 53 as you can get, without going over. $9 \times 5 = 45$	Ex. 5
1)	8 times <u>2</u> is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over. $8 \times 2 = 16$	1. 2
2)	6 times <u>9</u> is as close to 59 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 9 = 54$	2. 9
3)	3 times <u>7</u> is as close to 22 as you can get, without going over. $3 \times 7 = 21$	3
4)	2 times <u>9</u> is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over. $2 \times 9 = 18$	4. 9
5)	3 times <u>4</u> is as close to 14 as you can get, without going over. $3 \times 4 = 12$	54
6)	8 times <u>10</u> is as close to 82 as you can get, without going over. $8 \times 10 = 80$	6. 10
7)	10 times <u>9</u> is as close to 94 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 9 = 90$	7. 9
8)	2 times <u>10</u> is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over. $2 \times 10 = 20$	8. 10
9)	6 times <u>3</u> is as close to 21 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 3 = 18$	9
10)	3 times <u>6</u> is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over. $3 \times 6 = 18$	106
11)	10 times <u>5</u> is as close to 52 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 5 = 50$	11. 5
12)	8 times <u>9</u> is as close to 73 as you can get, without going over. $8 \times 9 = 72$	12. 9
13)	5 times <u>10</u> is as close to 54 as you can get, without going over. $5 \times 10 = 50$	13. 10
14)	4 times <u>9</u> is as close to 37 as you can get, without going over. $4 \times 9 = 36$	14. 9
15)	6 times <u>4</u> is as close to 29 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 4 = 24$	15. <u>4</u>
16)	7 times <u>6</u> is as close to 47 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 6 = 42$	16. <u>6</u>
17)	10 times <u>6</u> is as close to 69 as you can get, without going over. $10 \times 6 = 60$	17. <u>6</u>
18)	6 times <u>5</u> is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over. $6 \times 5 = 30$	18. 5
19)	3 times <u>5</u> is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over. $3 \times 5 = 15$	19. 5
20)	7 times <u>3</u> is as close to 24 as you can get, without going over. $7 \times 3 = 21$	20
	Math www.CommonCoreSheets.com 9 1-10 95 90 85 80 11-20 45 40 35 30	

Dete	rmine the bes	Preparing for Long Divis t answer for the following questions.	101	Name:	Answers
		is as close to 19 as you can get, witho	ut going over.	6×3=18	Ex. 3
1)	10 times	is as close to 93 as you can get, with	out going over.		Ex
2)	9 times	is as close to 49 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		1
		is as close to 12 as you can get, witho			2
					3
4)	8 times	is as close to 35 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		4
5)	9 times	is as close to 98 as you can get, with	out going over.		5
6)	3 times	is as close to 7 as you can get, withou	t going over.		6
7)	4 times	is as close to 37 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		7.
8)	10 times	is as close to 38 as you can get, with	out going over.		8.
9)	10 times	is as close to 79 as you can get, with	out going over.		
10)	2 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		9
11)	3 times	is as close to 13 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		10
		is as close to 70 as you can get, witho			11
					12
		is as close to 5 as you can get, withou			13
14)	6 times	is as close to 65 as you can get, with	out going over.		14
15)	5 times	is as close to 17 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		15
16)	7 times	is as close to 68 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		16
17)	3 times	is as close to 8 as you can get, withou	t going over.		17
18)	5 times	is as close to 48 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		18.
19)	2 times	is as close to 19 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		19.
20)	8 times	is as close to 30 as you can get, witho	ut going over.		20
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com	10	1-1095908580757011-20454035302520	65 60 55 50 15 10 5 0

		Preparing for Long Division	Name: An	swer Key
Dete	rmine the best a	answer for the following questions.		Answers
Ex)	6 times 3	_ is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over.	6×3=18	Ex. 3
1)	10 times <u>9</u>	is as close to 93 as you can get, without going over.	10×9 = 90	1. 9
2)	9 times <u>5</u>	_ is as close to 49 as you can get, without going over.	9×5=45	2. 5
3)	5 times 2	_ is as close to 12 as you can get, without going over.	5×2=10	3. 2
4)	8 times <u>4</u>	_ is as close to 35 as you can get, without going over.	8×4=32	4
5)	9 times <u>10</u>	_ is as close to 98 as you can get, without going over.	9×10=90	5. 10
6)	3 times 2	is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over.	3×2=6	6. <u>2</u>
7)	4 times9	_ is as close to 37 as you can get, without going over.	4×9=36	7. 9
8)	10 times <u>3</u>	is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over.	10×3=30	83
9)	10 times <u>7</u>	is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.	10×7=70	9. 7
10)	2 times <u>8</u>	is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	2×8=16	10. 8
11)	3 times <u>4</u>	_ is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.	3×4=12	114
12)	8 times <u>8</u>	_ is as close to 70 as you can get, without going over.	8×8=64	128
13)	2 times 2	_ is as close to 5 as you can get, without going over.	2×2=4	13. 2
14)	6 times <u>10</u>	_ is as close to 65 as you can get, without going over.	6×10=60	14. 10
15)	5 times 3	_ is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.	5×3=15	15. 3
16)	7 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 68 as you can get, without going over.	7×9=63	16. 9
17)	3 times 2	_ is as close to 8 as you can get, without going over.	3×2=6	17. <u>2</u>
18)	5 times <u>9</u>	_ is as close to 48 as you can get, without going over.	5×9=45	18. 9
19)	2 times9	_ is as close to 19 as you can get, without going over.	2×9=18	19. 9
20)	8 times 3	_ is as close to 30 as you can get, without going over.	8×3=24	203
	Math	www.CommonCoreSheets.com 10	1-109590858011-2045403530	